FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2011

Roll Number

ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED:	**(PART-I MCQs)**	**30 MINUTES**	**MAXIMUM MARKS: 20**
THREE HOURS	**(PART-II)**	**2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES**	**MAXIMUM MARKS: 80**

NOTE: **(i)** **First** attempt **PART-I (MCQs)** on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes.

(ii) **Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.**

(PART-I MCQs) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the **appropriate box** on the **Answer Sheet**. **(1 x 20=20)**

(i) The Pre-Islamic era is known as:

(a) Modern age (b) Age of ignorance (c) Golden age (d) None of these

(ii) Ma'rib dam was located in:

(a) Iraq (b) Yaman (c) Egypt (d) None of these

(iii) Rulers of Pre-Islamic Iran were called:

(a) Qaisar (b) Kisra (c) Shahan-Shah (d) None of these

(iv) Ka'bah is situated in the valley of:

(a) Faran (b) Makkah (c) Taif (d) None of these

(v) Hajre-Aswad means:

(a) Pious stone (b) Black stone (c) Foundation stone (d) None of these

(vi) The word "Muhammad" means:

(a) The Praised one (b) Noble (c) Respectful (d) None of these

(vii) The first revelation came to Prophet (SAW) in:

(a) Hira (b) Thaur (c) Dar-e-Arqam (d) None of these

(viii) The duration of social boycott of Muslim Shi'b Abi Talib was for:

(a) 3 years (b) 5 years (c) 10 years (d) None of these

(ix) The Battle of Uhud was fought in the year:

(a) 3 Nabvi (b) 8 Nabvi (c) 9 A.H. (d) None of these

(x) Who signed the treaty of Hudaibiya on behalf of the Quresh?

(a) Abu Sufyan (b) Abu Lahab (c) Abu al Hakam (d) None of these

(xi) Banu Qurayzah, banu Qaynuqa and Banu Nadir were three tribes of:

(a) Quraysh (b) Christian (c) The Jews (d) None of these

(xii) Quran was revealed in:

(a) 25 years (b) 27 years (c) 23 years (d) None of these

(xiii) Hazrat Umar (R.A.) was assassinated in the month of:

(a) Ramadan (b) Ziq'ad (c) Muharram (d) None of these

(xiv) Musaylamah was:

(a) Philosopher (b) Poet (c) False prophet (d) None of these

(xv) The battle of Jamal was fought between Hazrat Aisha and:

(a) Hazrat-Muawiyah (b) Hazrat Talah (c) Hazrat Ali (d) None of these

(xvi) The capital of Ummayyad dynasty was:

(a) Baghdad (b) Cairo (c) Khurasan (d) None of these

(xvii) Abbasid caliphate came into being in:

(a) 132 AH (b) 122 AH (c) 142 AH (d) None of these

(xviii) Samarra was built by:

(a) Al-Mansur (b) Al-Mahdi (c) Al-Must'asim (d) None of these

(xix) Jizyah is a:

(a) Poll tax (b) Trade tax (c) Land tax (d) None of these

(xx) The ottoman dynasty fell in:

(a) 1857 (b) 1926 (c) 1940 (d) None of these

PART-II

NOTE:**(i)** **PART-II** is to be attempted on separate Answer Book.
(ii) **Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.**
(iii) **Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.**

Q.2. Comment on the moral, social and political conditions of the world at the advent of Islam. **(20)**

Q.3. Critically examine the effects of the teachings of the Holy Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) on Arabia. **(20)**

Q.4. Estimate the character and achievements of Hazarat Umar Farooq (R.A.) as a statesman. **(20)**

Q.5. What limitation has Quran set upon speech and writing? In what respect does the Islamic Concept of Literature differ from that of the Non-Muslims? **(20)**

Q.6. Trace the origin of "SHURA" in Islam and give a brief account of its working under the "PIOUS CALIPHS". **(20)**

Q.7. Briefly describe the scientific and literary progress of the Muslims during the Abbasid period. **(20)**

Q.8. Assess the claims of Sulaiman The Magnificent to be the greatest of the Ottoman Sultans. **(20)**

****

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2011

Roll Number

ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED:	**(PART-I MCQs)**	**30 MINUTES**	**MAXIMUM MARKS: 20**
THREE HOURS	**(PART-II)**	**2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES**	**MAXIMUM MARKS: 80**

NOTE: **(i)** **First** attempt **PART-I (MCQs)** on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes.

(ii) **Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.**

(PART-I MCQs) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the **appropriate box** on the **Answer Sheet**. **(1 x 20=20)**

(i) Literal meaning of JEHAD is:

(a) Exemption (b) Sacrifice (c) Fight (d) Struggle

(e) None of these

(ii) Marwan was the son of

(a) Hakam (b) Walid (c) Suleman (d) Yazid

(e) None of these

(iii) Musa-bin-Naseer conquered parts of

(a) Asia (b) Africa (c) Europe (d) Australia

(e) None of these

(iv) In 89 A.H. _____ became viceroy of Africa.

(a) Musa-bin Naseer (b) Tariq bin Ziyad (c) Yazid bin Muhalib (d) Umer bin Abdul Aziz

(e) None of these

(v) After a short khilafat of Muawiyah II the next Khalifa of Islam was:

(a) Ibn-e-Khatab (b) Ibn-e-Hashim (c) Ibn-e-Zubair (d) Ibn-e-Yazid

(e) None of these

(vi) Whilst Africa was under the Ummayads the Spain was under:

(a) Goth (b) The Jews (c) The Hindus (d) The Mongols

(e) None of these

(vii) For the first time Abdul Malik issued purely Muslim coinage known as:

(a) Pound (b) Deenar (c) Dirham (d) Rupee

(e) None of these

(viii) Firdousi was the poet of:

(a) Persia (b) Asia (c) Africa (d) America

(e) None of these

(ix) Al-walid was one of the greatest Khalifas of:

(a) Arabs (b) Indo-Pak (c) China (d) Whole Islamic World

(e) None of these

(x) Umm-ul-Banin was a remarkable ------ woman.

(a) Arab (b) Spanish (c) Egyptian (d) European

(e) None of these

(xi) Safah was the first khalifa of :

(a) Ummayads (b) Hashimis (c) Abbasids (d) Alvids

(e) None of these

(xii) ------ was the real founder of the Abbasid dynasty.

(a) Safah (b) Abu Jaafar (c) Muhammad Musa (d) Abdullah

(e) None of these

(xiii) In the administration of the Ummayads the court language was:

(a) Persian (b) Arabic (c) French (d) German

(e) None of these

(xiv) Fazal bin Yahya had held the governorship(s) of :

(a) Khorasan and Egypt (b) Spain (c) South Asia (d) Africa

(e) None of these

(xv) With the emergence of Abbasids the Capital was transferred from Syria to:

(a) Iran (b) Egypt (c) Iraq (d) Turkey

(e) None of these

(xvi) Amin was murdered in

(a) 814 A.C. (b) 815 A.C. (c) 816 A.C. (d) 817 A.C.

(e) None of these

(xvii) Nazhun, Zainab and Hamda belonged to

(a) Spain (b) Baghdad (c) Syria (d) Iraq

(e) None of these

(xviii) Maliki doctrines were introduced in Spain in the reign of:

(a) Hisham (b) Abdur-Rahman (c) Abdullah (d) Yazid

(e) None of these

(xix) Al-Qanum-Fil Tib was written by:

(a) Bu-Ali-Sina (b) Almasudi (c) Ibn-e-Ishaq (d) Al-Yaqubi

(e) None of these

(xx) Al Tafsir was written by

(a) Al-Zahrawi (b) Muhammad Bin Zikriya (c) Al-Ghazali (d) Jabir bin Hayan

(e) None of these

PART-II

NOTE:**(i)** **PART-II** is to be attempted on separate Answer Book.
(ii) **Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.**
(iii) **Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.**

Q.2. Discuss the Socio-economic reforms of Abdul Malik bin Marwan. **(20)**

Q.3. Discuss the expansion of the Islamic empire under Walid bin Abdul Malik. **(20)**

Q.4. Highlight the nature and importance of the Ummayad institutions and society. **(20)**

Q.5. Give an analytical study of the Muslims contribution in social sciences in the reign of Haroon and Mamun. **(20)**

Q.6. Estimate the reign of Abdur-Rehman II in the history of Spain. **(20)**

Q.7. Give a critical study of the character and the achievements of Abdur-Rehman Al-Nasir of Muslim Spain. **(20)**

Q.8. Give a study on “Evolution of knowledge and wisdom” in Muslim Spain. **(20)**

****